



What was the effect of WW2 on Britain?

Essential Project Pre-Learning



World War I ended on November 11, 1918, with the signing of the armistice. Germany had to pay heavy fines and was banned from having a large air force, navy and army. World War II began on September 1, 1939, with Germany's invasion of Poland.

Essential Project Learning

Before World War 2 began, Germany was ruled by a man named Adolf Hitler.

Together with the Nazi Party, he wanted Germany to rule Europe. To gain more land and power, on 1 September 1939 German troops invaded Poland. After Hitler refused to stop the invasion, Britain and France declared war on Germany – World War II had begun.



Millions of Germans were imprisoned and killed because they didn't fit the image of the 'perfect' German. Hitler wanted to create what he thought was the "best" and strongest race – and to the Nazi Party, this excluded certain groups, such as Jews, Gypsies and those with physical and mental disabilities.

The Germans surrendered on 8 May 1945. In 1944, an Allied army crossed from Britain to free France from Nazi rule. One year later, Allied armies invaded Germany, forcing the Germans to surrender.

Around 64 million people died in World War 2 – that's more than the entire population of the United Kingdom.



Language Dozen

Allies	Selection of countries that fought together against the Nazis and Axis powers such as: Great Britain, Soviet Union and France
Axis	Selection of countries that fought against the allied forces such as: Germany, Japan and Italy
Propaganda	Biased information used to promote political ideas
Conscientious objector	An individual who refuses to fight in wars
Commonwealth Countries	Countries who had been invaded by the United Kingdom but remain allies after they have gained freedom from British rule.
Continents	Groups of counties/land
Evacuation	The mass movement of people for safety. British children were evacuated from cities to rural areas
Nazi Party	The political group that was led by Adolf Hitler
Terrain	A stretch of land focusing mainly on its physical features
Compass Points	North, South, East and West. Used to help navigate travellers
Rationing	A government scheme to avoid food and materials shortages
Civilian	Somebody not involved in the armed forces. More civilians died in WW2 than military personnel



“A community of learners aiming high to Excel and Exceed!”

**YEAR 6 SPRING
TERM 2026**

Essential Question:

What was the effect of WW2 on Britain?

THE GOLDEN RULES

Do as you are asked the
first time.

Take care of everyone
and everything.

Show RESPECT at all
times.

**Good attendance is
95%+.**

**Please remember
to arrive on time!**



Project Outcome

**Year 6 will produce work around
WW2 and share this on the
school website**

Essential Project Person

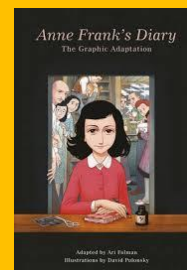
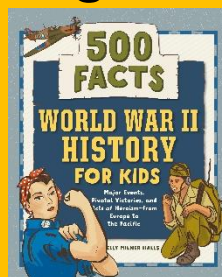
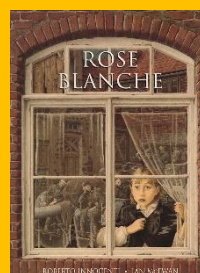
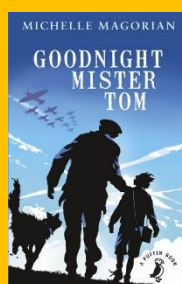


*Winston Churchill took over
as British Prime Minister
from Neville Chamberlain
in 1940.*

Key Dates

19.01. Assessment week
09.02. Children's Mental
Health Week
13.02. Aiming High
Assemblies
13.02. KS1 Ambassador
Day - ambassadors to help
**13.02. Break up for half
term**

Suggested Reading and Viewing



***Remember to read at least 5 days a week
and have your Learning Log signed.***

Helpful Websites

School Website
Maths.co.uk
TTRockstars
Daily 10

Homework

- Learning Logs will be checked in class every Monday/Friday.
- Spellings will be set and tested every Friday
- Children are expected to regularly access TTRockstars, practising the tables they are working on.

23.02. Return to school
02.03. Arts week
04.03. Parents invited in to school for arts exhibition
05.03. World Book Day
23.04 Project outcomes on the website
27.03. Aiming High Assemblies
21.03. Break up for Easter